

HEIDENHAIN



Product Overview

Rotary Encoders For Potentially Explosive

November 2015

Representante oficial de:



[Argentina – Bolivia – Chile – Colombia - Costa Rica – Ecuador - El Salvador – Guatemala – Honduras – Nicaragua – Panamá – Paraguay – Perú - República Dominicana – Uruguay – Venezuela.]



Rotary encoders for use in potentially explosive areas

Introduction

There are many types of applications in industry where exposure to potentially explosive atmospheres is virtually unavoidable, for example on paint spray lines, printing machines or silage systems.

The condition of equipment and facilities operated in potentially explosive atmospheres is defined by **Directive 94/9/EC**, also known as **ATEX 95** (ATEX derives its name from the French "atmosphères explosibles," which means explosive atmospheres).

This directive has been in effect since July 1, 2003 and has replaced all other existing regulations, which cover the same subjects, within the entire European Union (EU). In the field of explosion protection, national regulations must not contain any diverging requirements and/or any requirements beyond the scope of this directive. Products that are placed on the market or put into service after July 1, 2003 must meet the requirements of the new directive.

Standard

CENELEC (European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization) prepared the EU standard EN 60079 for explosion protection on the basis of the EU directive.

Usability (classification into **zones** and **categories**)

In potentially explosive areas, the operating conditions must be considered carefully. The installer/operator must therefore assess the explosion risk of production facilities and divide them into zones that reflect the degree of danger based on

- the probability and duration of the occurrence of dangerous potentially explosive atmospheres,
- the probability of the presence, activation and effectiveness of sources of ignition, as well as
- the scope of the expected effects of explosions.

Operating equipment for potentially explosive areas is classified into **three categories** (for Equipment Group II for electrical equipment except mines liable to be endangered by firedamp), depending on its design.

- Category 1 ensures a very high level of safety
- Category 2 ensures a high level of safety
- Category 3 ensures a normal level of safety

Classification into zones

The composition of the atmosphere is decisive for the classification into zones:

- Potentially explosive atmosphere consisting of a mixture of air and gases, vapors or mists
 - Zone 0: Continuously, for long periods, frequently, majority of the time
 - Zone 1: Occasionally in normal operation
 - Zone 2: Rare, for a short period
- Potentially explosive atmosphere that consists of a mixture of air and dust
 - Zone 20: Continuously, for long periods, frequently, majority of the time
 - Zone 21: Occasionally in normal operation
 - Zone 22: Rare, for a short period

Designation

All explosion-proof electrical devices are marked using a uniform code.

Gas atmosphere

- = Equipment group (II = for aboveground applications)
- 2 = Category
- G = Gas

C

Ш

- Ex = Explosion protection d = Type of ignition protection
 - (d = flameproof enclosure)
- II = Explosion group gas
 - = Subgroup (C = maximum permitted gap < 0.5 mm)
- T120 °C = Maximum surface temperature
- Gb = High protection level against gas

Dust atmosphere

- II = Equipment group (II = for aboveground applications)
- 2 = Category
- D = Dust
- Ex = Explosion protection
 - = Type of ignition protection (tb = protection by housing)
 - = Procedure for determining dust
 - proofness (explosion group, dust)
 - = Conductive dust
- T120 °C = Maximum surface temperature
- Db = High protection level against



Equipment Group II (other potentially explosive areas) 3: Normal level of Category 1: Very high level of 2: High level of safety safety safety Risk level Continuous, long-Unlikely and short-Occasional risk term and frequent term risk risk Adequate safety By means of 2 In case of frequently In case of fault-free protective measures/ occurring equipment operation faults/with one fault with 2 faults Use in Zone 20 Zone 1 Zone 21 Zone 2 Zone 22 Zone 0 D G D D (dust) G Atmosphere G (gas)

Comparison of equipment groups and categories

HEIDENHAIN produces special rotary encoders for potentially explosive areas. They comply with **equipment group II**, meet the requirements of **category 2** and can be used for the **zones 1 and 21** as well as **2 and 22** (devices of Zone 0 available on request).

Type of ignition protection

The rotary encoders for potentially explosive areas fulfill the requirements of flameproof enclosures (d) or protection by housing (tb). A **flameproof enclosure d** is designed in such a way that the parts that can ignite a potentially explosive atmosphere are located in a housing that can resist the pressure of an explosion inside the housing, and that prevents a transfer of the explosion to the potentially explosive atmosphere surrounding the housing. The maximum permitted gap is less than 0.5 mm (corresponds to explosion group IIC).

The **protection by housing tb** type of ignition protection means that the ingress of dust is prevented (IP 66 protection). Also, at maximum surface temperature, dust deposition forming conductive dust layers with a thickness of up to 5 mm is considered.

Maximum surface temperature

The **maximum surface temperature** that a rotary encoder can reach during rated operation and in disturbed operation **is 120 °C**. This temperature applies for a **maximum ambient temperature of +60 °C**. Thermal switches in the rotary encoder flange ensure that the maximum surface temperature is not exceeded. At a temperature of 100°C (+5 K) at the thermal switch, they trigger the fault detection signal U_{aS} (U_{aS} = low), and at a temperature of 110°C (+5 K) at the thermal switches, they cause the power supply to be switched off.

Accessories

Diaphragm coupling K 17

Shaft coupling with galvanic isolation with 6 mm or 10 mm shaft diameter

© II 2 DG c X

Explosion protection c (constructive)

Explosion protection c (constructive) Ambient temperature X (max. 60 °C) ID 296746-xx



Mounting criteria

Power consumption

In order to limit the maximum current in the event of a fault, the power consumption of the rotary encoder must be limited to a maximum of 10 W in the subsequent electronics. Comply with the additional measures for electrical safety described in the catalog *Interfaces*

Voltage supply

Comply with the *General electrical information* in the catalog *Interfaces*

Connecting cable

The connecting cable that is permanently mounted on the rotary encoder must have a **rigid configuration** within the potentially explosive area. The rotary encoders for potentially explosive areas are supplied by HEIDENHAIN with a 10 m connecting cable as a standard feature. The connection must be located **outside of the potentially explosive area** or in an ATEX terminal box.

· Shaft sealing ring

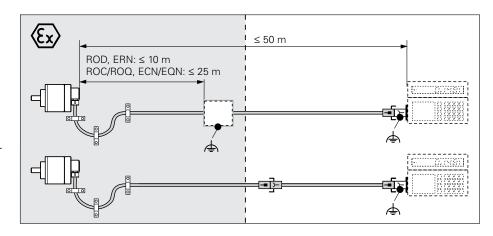
To protect the shaft sealing ring from UV radiation, a rotor coupling (e.g. K17) must be used to install encoders with solid shaft, and a clamping ring for encoders with hollow shaft

Repair

In case of a defect, repair of the rotary encoders is subject to stringently specified conditions. The rotary encoders must therefore be returned to HEIDENHAIN, Traunreut, because this ensures that the stringent requirements are fulfilled.

Overview

This Product Overview contains all specifications relevant for selecting HEIDENHAIN rotary encoders for potentially explosive atmospheres. For further specifications, please refer to the respective standard versions described in the *Rotary Encoders* catalog.



Input circuitry of subsequent electronics

The input circuits of the subsequent electronics for EnDat and SSI are described in detail in the *Interfaces for HEIDENHAIN Rotary Encoders* catalog.

Differences in SSI interfaces:

- No programming inputs
- t₂ start with positive edge (12 to 30 μs).

The ATEX encoders also provide a fault detection signal in TTL levels over a separate line when the integrated thermal switches measure a temperature greater than 100°C (see *Maximum surface temperature*).

Dimensioning

IC₁ = Recommended differential line receiver DS 26 C 32 AT

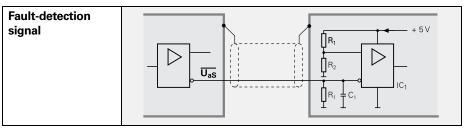
Only for a > 0.1 µs: AM 26 LS 32 MC 3486

MC 3486 SN 75 ALS 193

 $R_1 = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ $R_2 = 1.8 \text{ k}\Omega$

 $R_2 = 1.8 \text{ k}\Omega$ $Z_0 = 120 \Omega$

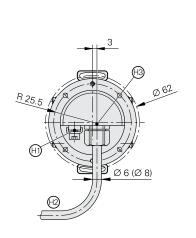
C₁ = 220 pF (serves to improve noise immunity)

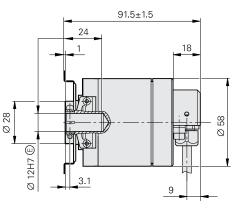


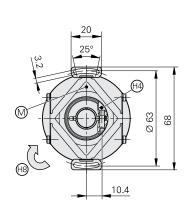
ECN/EQN/ERN 400 series

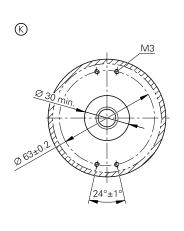
- Absolute and incremental rotary encoders
- Stator coupling for plane surface
- · Blind hollow shaft
- For use in potentially explosive atmospheres

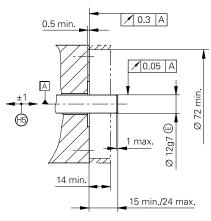


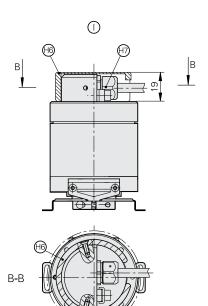














Tolerancing ISO 8015 ISO 2768 - m H < 6 mm: ±0.2 mm

- \otimes = Required mating dimensions
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{O}}$ = Measuring point for operating temperature on encoder flange
- (1) = Connection point for grounding and equipotential bonding as per DIN EN 60079-0
- 1 = Provide cable strain relief
- (9) = Entry thread for cable gland M13x0.75
- Θ = Clamping screw with hexalobular socket X8, tightening torque 1.1±0.1 Nm
- © = Compensation of mounting tolerances and thermal expansion, no dynamic motion
- ⊕ = Protective cap
- $\Theta = \text{Cable bushing } \emptyset \text{ 6 or } \emptyset \text{ 8}$
- @ = Direction of shaft rotation for output signals as per the interface description
- \odot = Additional means of protection for cable bushings that may be exposed to external load when the encoder is mounted vertically (Directive 94/4/EC 1.2.5)

	Incremental								
	ERN 420	ERN 430	ERN 480						
Interface	ГШТІ	□⊔HTL	~ 1 V _{PP} ¹⁾						
Line counts*	1000 1024 1250 2000 2048	1000 1024 1250 2000 2048 2500 3600 4096 5000							
Reference mark	One								
Cutoff frequency –3 dB Scanning frequency Edge separation a	_ ≤ 300 kHz ≥ 0.39 μs		≥ 180 kHz - -						
System accuracy	1/20 of grating period								
Voltage supply Current consumption without load	DC 5 V ± 0.5 V ≤ 120 mA	DC 10 V to 30 V ≤ 150 mA	DC 5 V ± 0.5 V ≤ 120 mA						
Electrical connection	Cable 10 m with 12-pin M23 coupl	ing (male)							
Shaft	Blind hollow shaft, D = 12 mm								
Mech. permiss. speed n	≤ 5000 rpm								
Starting torque	≤ 0.015 Nm (at 20 °C)								
Moment of inertia of rotor	$\leq 5.1 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ kgm}^2$								
Permissible axial motion of measured shaft	± 1 mm								
Vibration 55 to 2000 Hz Shock 6 ms	\leq 100 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-6) \leq 1500 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-27)								
Operating temperature	−20 °C to 80 °C								
Ambient temperature	-20 °C (stationary cable) to 60 °C								
Surface temperature	≤ 120 °C								
Protection EN 60 529	IP66								
Explosion protection as per	DIN EN 60079-0; DIN EN 60079-1; DIN EN 60079-31								
Equipment group Category Explosive atmosphere Type of ignition protection Explosion group and subgroup	II 2 G (gas) and D (dust) d and tb IIC (max. permitted gap < 0.5 mm) and IIIC								
Mass	≈ 0.7 kg								

^{*} Please select when ordering

1) Restricted tolerances: Signal amplitude: 0.8 to 1.2 V_{PP}

	Absolute					
	Singletum ECN 413					
Interface*	EnDat 2.2	SSI				
Ordering designation	EnDat01 SSI01r1					
Positions per revolution	8192 (13 bits)					
Revolutions	-					
Code	Pure binary	Gray				
Elec. permissible speed Deviations 1)	512 lines: ≤ 5000/12000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 100 LSB 2048 lines: ≤ 1500/12000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 50 LSB	≤ 12000 rpm ± 12 LSB				
Calculation time t _{cal} Clock frequency	≤ 9 μs ≤ 2 MHz	≤ 5 μs -				
Incremental signals	~1 V _{PP} ¹⁾					
Line counts*	512 2048	512				
Cutoff frequency –3 dB	512 lines: ≥ 130 kHz; 2048 lines: ≥ 400 kH					
System accuracy	512 lines: ± 60"; 2048 lines: ± 20"					
Voltage supply	DC 5 V ± 0.25 V					
Power consumption (max.)	≤ 625 mW	≤ 600 mW				
Current consumption (typical; without load)	85 mA	70 mA				
Electrical connection	Cable 10 m with 17-pin M23 coupling (ma	le)				
Shaft	Blind hollow shaft, D = 12 mm					
Mech. permiss. speed n	≤ 5000 rpm					
Starting torque	≤ 0.015 Nm (at 20 °C)					
Moment of inertia of rotor	$\leq 5.1 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ kgm}^2$					
Permissible axial motion of measured shaft	± 1 mm					
Vibration 55 to 2000 Hz Shock 6 ms	≤ 100 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-6) ≤ 1500 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-27)					
Operating temperature	−20 °C to 80 °C					
Ambient temperature	–20 °C (stationary cable) to 60 °C					
Surface temperature	≤ 120 °C					
Protection EN 60 529	IP66					
Explosion protection as per	DIN EN 60079-0; DIN EN 60079-1; DIN EN 60079-31					
Equipment group Category Explosive atmosphere Type of ignition protection Explosion group and subgroup	II 2 G (gas) and D (dust) d and tb IIC (max. permitted gap < 0.5 mm) and III	2 G (gas) and D (dust)				
Mass	≈ 0.7 kg					

^{*} Please select when ordering

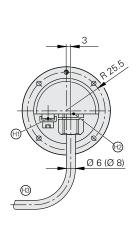
1) Restricted tolerances: Signal amplitude: 0.8 to 1.2 V_{PP}

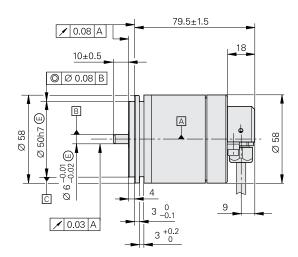
	Multiturn	
	EQN 425	
	EnDat 2.2	SSI
	EnDat01	SSI07r1
·		
	4096	
	Pure binary	Gray
	512 lines: ≤ 5000/10 000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 100 LSB 2048 lines: ≤ 1500/10 000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 50 LSB	≤ 12 000 rpm ± 12 LSB
	≤ 9 µs ≤ 2 MHz	≤ 5 µs -
	512 2048	512
,		
	≤ 700 mW	≤ 675 mW
	105 mA	88 mA

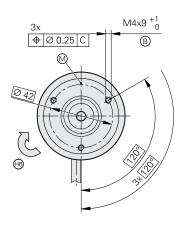
ROC/ROQ/ROD 400 series

- Absolute and incremental rotary encoders
- Synchro flange
- · Solid shaft for separate shaft coupling
- For use in potentially explosive atmospheres

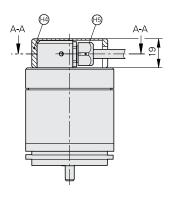


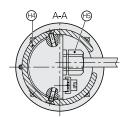














- △ = Encoder bearing
- B = Threaded mounting hole
- ⊕ = Measuring point for operating temperature on encoder flange
- (1) = Connection point for grounding and equipotential bonding as per DIN EN 60079-0
- (9) = Entry thread for cable gland M13x0.75
- 19 = Provide cable strain relief
- Θ = Protective cap
- (B) = Cable bushing
- (9) = Direction of shaft rotation for output signals as per the interface description
- ① = Additional means of protection for cable bushings that may be exposed to external load when the encoder is mounted vertically (Directive 94/4/EG 1.2.5)

	Incremental						
	ROD 426	ROD 436	ROD 486				
Interface	ГШП	□□HTL	~ 1 V _{PP} ¹⁾				
Line counts*	1000 1024 1250 1500 1800	2000 2048 2500 3600 40	096 5000				
Reference mark	One						
Cutoff frequency –3 dB Scanning frequency Edge separation a	- ≤ 300 kHz ≥ 0.39 μs		≥ 180 kHz - -				
System accuracy	1/20 of grating period						
Voltage supply Current consumption without load	DC 5 V ± 0.5 V ≤ 120 mA	DC 10 V to 30 V ≤ 150 mA	DC 5 V ± 0.5 V ≤ 120 mA				
Electrical connection	Cable 10 m with 12-pin M23 coupl	ing (male)	1				
Shaft	Solid shaft D = 6 mm (recommend	ded shaft coupling: K17; see <i>Rotary</i>	Encoders) catalog				
Mechanically permissible speed n	≤ 10 000 rpm	≤ 10000 rpm					
Starting torque	≤ 0.015 Nm (at 20 °C)						
Moment of inertia of rotor	$\leq 4.4 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ kgm}^2$						
Shaft load ²⁾	Axial: ≤ 40 N; radial: ≤ 60 N at sha	ft end					
Vibration 55 to 2000 Hz Shock 6 ms	\leq 300 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-6) \leq 1500 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-27)						
Operating temperature	−20 °C to 80 °C						
Ambient temperature	–20 °C (stationary cable) to 60 °C						
Surface temperature	≤ 120 °C						
Protection EN 60 529	IP66						
Explosion protection as per	DIN EN 60079-0; DIN EN 60079-1; DIN EN 60079-31						
Equipment group Category Explosive atmosphere Type of ignition protection Explosion group and subgroup	II 2 G (gas) and D (dust) d and tb IIC (max. permitted gap < 0.5 mm) and IIIC						
Mass	≈ 0.7 kg	≈ 0.7 kg					

^{*} Please select when ordering

1) Restricted tolerances: Signal amplitude: 0.8 to 1.2 Vpp

2) See also Mechanical types and mounting in the Rotary Encoders catalog

	Absolute					
	Singleturn ROC 413					
Interface*	EnDat 2.2	SSI				
Ordering designation	EnDat01	SSI01r1				
Positions per revolution	8192 (13 bits)					
Revolutions	-					
Code	Pure binary	Gray				
Elec. permissible speed Deviations 1)	512 lines: ≤ 5000/12 000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 100 LSB 2048 lines: ≤ 1500/12 000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 50 LSB	12 000 rpm ± 12 LSB				
Calculation time t _{cal} Clock frequency	≤ 9 µs ≤ 2 MHz	≤ 5 μs -				
Incremental signals	\sim 1 $V_{PP}^{1)}$					
Line counts*	512 2048	512				
Cutoff frequency –3 dB	512 lines: ≥ 130 kHz; 2048 lines: ≥ 400 kHz					
System accuracy	512 lines: ± 60"; 2048 lines: ± 20"					
Voltage supply	DC 5V ± 0.25V					
Power consumption (max.)	≤ 625 mW	≤ 600 mW				
Current consumption (typical; without load)	85 mA	70 mA				
Electrical connection	Cable 10 m with 17-pin M23 coupling (male)					
Shaft	Solid shaft D = 6 mm (recommended shaft coupling	ng: K17; see <i>Rotary Encoders)</i> catalog				
Mechanically permissible speed n	≤ 10000 rpm					
Starting torque	≤ 0.015 Nm (at 20 °C)					
Moment of inertia of rotor	$\leq 4.4 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ kgm}^2$					
Shaft load ²⁾	Axial: ≤ 40 N; radial: ≤ 60 N at shaft end (see also Mechanical design types and mountin	g in the Rotary Encoders) catalog				
Vibration 55 to 2000 Hz Shock 6 ms	≤ 300 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-6) ≤ 1500 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-27)					
Operating temperature	−20 °C to 80 °C					
Ambient temperature	-20 °C (stationary cable) to 60 °C					
Surface temperature	≤ 120 °C					
Protection EN 60529	IP66					
Explosion protection as per	DIN EN 60079-0; DIN EN 60079-1; DIN EN 60079-31					
Equipment group Category Explosive atmosphere Type of ignition protection Explosion group and subgroup	II 2 G (gas) and D (dust) d and tb IIC (max. permitted gap < 0.5 mm) and IIIC					
Mass	≈ 0.7 kg					

^{*} Please select when ordering

1) Restricted tolerances: Signal amplitude: 0.8 to 1.2 V_{PP}

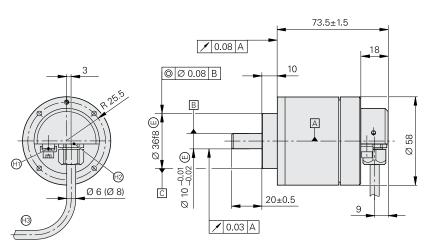
2) See also *Mechanical types and mounting* in the *Rotary Encoders* catalog

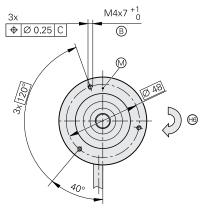
Multitum ROQ 425	
EnDat 2.2	SSI
EnDat01	SSI07r1
,	
4096	
Pure binary	Gray
512 lines: ≤ 5000/10000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 100 LSB 2048 lines: ≤ 1500/10000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 50 LSB	10 000 rpm ± 12 LSB
≤ 9 µs ≤ 2 MHz	≤ 5 μs -
512 2048	512
≤ 700 mW	≤ 675 mW
100 mA	88 mA

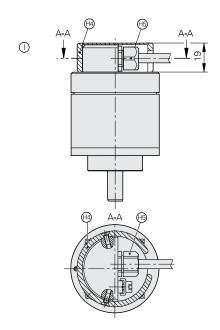
ROC/ROQ/ROD 400 series

- Absolute and incremental rotary encoders
- Clamping flange
- · Solid shaft for separate shaft coupling
- For use in potentially explosive atmospheres









mm
Tolerancing ISO 8015
ISO 2768 - m H
< 6 mm: ±0.2 mm

- = Encoder bearing
- ® = Threaded mounting hole
- (19) = Connection point for grounding and equipotential bonding as per DIN EN 60079-0
- (1) = Entry thread for cable gland M13x0.75
- (9) = Provide cable strain relief
- ⊕ = Protective cap
- ⊕ = Cable bushing
- ⊕ = Direction of shaft rotation for output signals as per the interface description
- \odot = Additional means of protection for cable bushings that may be exposed to external load when the encoder is mounted vertically (Directive 94/4/EG 1.2.5)

	Incremental								
	ROD 420	ROD 430	ROD 480						
Interface	ГШТГ	□□HTL	~ 1 V _{PP} ¹⁾						
Line counts*	1000 1024 1250 1500 1800	000 1024 1250 1500 1800 2000 2048 2500 3600 4096 5000							
Reference mark	One								
Cutoff frequency –3 dB Scanning frequency Edge separation a	- ≤ 300 kHz ≥ 0.39 μs		≥ 180 kHz - -						
System accuracy	1/20 of grating period								
Voltage supply Current consumption without load	DC 5 V ± 0.5 V ≤ 120 mA	DC 10 V to 30 V ≤ 150 mA	DC 5 V ± 0.5 V ≤ 120 mA						
Electrical connection	Cable 10 m with 12-pin M23 coupl	ling (male)	'						
Shaft	Solid shaft D = 10 mm (recommer	nded shaft coupling: K17; see <i>Rotar</i>	ry Encoders) catalog						
Mechanically permissible speed n	≤ 10 000 rpm								
Starting torque	≤ 0.015 Nm (at 20 °C)								
Moment of inertia of rotor	$\leq 4.5 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ kgm}^2$								
Shaft load ²⁾	Axial: ≤ 40 N; radial: ≤ 60 N at share	ft end							
Vibration 55 to 2000 Hz Shock 6 ms	\leq 300 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-6) \leq 1500 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-27)								
Operating temperature	–20 °C to 80 °C								
Ambient temperature	-20 °C (stationary cable) to 60 °C								
Surface temperature	≤ 120 °C								
Protection EN 60 529	IP66								
Explosion protection as per	DIN EN 60079-0; DIN EN 60079-1; DIN EN 60079-31								
Equipment group Category Explosive atmosphere Type of ignition protection Explosion group and subgroup	II 2 G (gas) and D (dust) d and tb IIC (max. permitted gap < 0.5 mm) and IIIC								
Mass	≈ 0.7 kg	≈ 0.7 kg							

^{*} Please select when ordering

1) Restricted tolerances: Signal amplitude: 0.8 to 1.2 V_{PP}

2) See also *Mechanical types and mounting* in the *Rotary Encoders* catalog

	l					
	Absolute					
	Singleturn ROC 413					
Interface*	EnDat 2.2	SSI				
Ordering designation	EnDat01	SSI01r1				
Positions per revolution	8192 (13 bits)					
Revolutions	-					
Code	Pure binary	Gray				
Elec. permissible speed Deviations ¹⁾	512 lines: ≤ 5000/12 000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 100 LSB 2048 lines: ≤ 1500/12 000 rpm ± 1 LSB/± 50 LSB	12 000 rpm ± 12 LSB				
Calculation time t _{cal} Clock frequency	≤ 9 µs ≤ 2 MHz	≤ 5 μs -				
Incremental signals	\sim 1 $V_{PP}^{1)}$					
Line counts*	512 2048	512				
Cutoff frequency –3 dB	512 lines: ≥ 130 kHz; 2048 lines: ≥ 400 kHz					
System accuracy	512 lines: ± 60"; 2048 lines: ± 20"					
Voltage supply	DC 5V ± 0.25V					
Power consumption (max.)	≤ 625 mW	≤ 600 mW				
Current consumption (typical; without load)	85 mA	70 mA				
Electrical connection	Cable 10 m with 17-pin M23 coupling (male)					
Shaft	Solid shaft D = 10 mm (recommended shaft coup	ling: K17; see <i>Rotary Encoders)</i> catalog				
Mechanically permissible speed n	≤ 10000 rpm					
Starting torque	≤ 0.015 Nm (at 20 °C)					
Moment of inertia of rotor	$\leq 4.5 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ kgm}^2$					
Shaft load ²⁾	Axial: ≤ 40 N; radial: ≤ 60 N at shaft end (see also Mechanical design types and mountin	g in the Rotary Encoders) catalog				
Vibration 55 to 2000 Hz Shock 6 ms	≤ 300 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-6) ≤ 1500 m/s ² (EN 60068-2-27)					
Operating temperature	−20 °C to 80 °C					
Ambient temperature	-20 °C (stationary cable) to 60 °C					
Surface temperature	≤ 120 °C					
Protection EN 60529	IP66					
Explosion protection as per	DIN EN 60079-0; DIN EN 60079-1; DIN EN 60079-31					
Equipment group Category Explosive atmosphere Type of ignition protection Explosion group and subgroup	II 2 G (gas) and D (dust) d and tb IIC (max. permitted gap < 0.5 mm) and IIIC					
Mass	≈ 0.7 kg					

^{*} Please select when ordering

1) Restricted tolerances: Signal amplitude: 0.8 to 1.2 V_{PP}

2) See also *Mechanical types and mounting* in the *Rotary Encoders* catalog

Multiturn ROQ 425		
EnDat 2.2		SSI
EnDat01		SSI07r1
4096		
Pure binary	У	Gray
512 lines: 2048 lines.	± 1 LSB/± 100 LSB	10 000 rpm ± 12 LSB
≤ 9 µs ≤ 2 MHz		≤ 5 µs -
		T
512 204	48	512
≤ 700 mW	1	≤ 675 mW
100 mA		88 mA

Electrical connection

SSI/EnDat 01 pin layout

17-pin c	17-pin coupling, M23 10-1												
	Voltage supply Incremental signals							Other signals					
=	7	1	10	4	15	16	12	13	14	17	8	9	3
	U _P	Sensor Up	0 V •—	Sensor 0 V	A+	A –	B+	B-	DATA	DATA	CLOCK	CLOCK	U _{aS}

Shield on housing; U_P = Power supply

Sensor: The sensor line is connected in the encoder with the corresponding power line.

Pin layout \sim 1V_{PP} / \square TTL / \square HTL

12-pin cou male	12-pin coupling, M23, male											
	Voltage supply Incremental signals Other signals											
-	12	2	10	11	5	6	8	1	3	4	7	9
\sim 1 V_{PP}	U _P	Sensor U _P	0 V	Sensor 0 V	A+	A –	B+	B-	R+	R-	/	1
г⊔πг					U _{a1}	U _{a1}	U _{a2}	U _{a2}	U _{a0}	$\overline{U_{a0}}$	U _{aS}	1
□ HTL	•	•	•—	•								

Shield on housing; **U**_P = Power supply

Sensor: The sensor line is connected in the encoder with the corresponding power line.

Vacant pins or wires must not be used.

12-pin 17-pin

M23

M23

For EnDat with SSI incremental signals

		Γ⊔ HTL	
PUR connecting cables	12-pin: $[4(2 \times 0.14 \text{ mm}^2) + (4 \times 0.5 \text{ mm}^2) + 4(2 \times 0.14 \text{ mm}^2)]$	2)]; $A_{P} = 0.5 \text{ mm}^{2}$ m^{2}) + (4 × 0.5 mm 2)]; $A_{P} =$	Ø 8 mm = 0.5 mm ² Ø 8 mm
Complete with connector (female) and coupling (male)	<u></u>	298401-xx	323897-xx
Complete with connectors (female and male)		298399-xx	-
Complete with connector (female) and D-sub connector (female) for IK 220		310199-xx	332115-xx
Complete with connector (female) and D-sub connector (male) for IK 115/IK 215		310196-xx	324544-xx
With one connector , (female)	→	309777-xx	309778-xx
Cable without connectors, Ø 8 mm	>	244957-01	266306-01
Mating element on connecting cable to connector on encoder cable	Connector (female) for cable Ø8 mm	n 291697-05	291697-26
Connector on connecting cable for connection to subsequent electronics	Connector (male) for cable Ø 4.5 r	n 291697-08	291697-27
Coupling on connecting cable	Coupling (male) for cable Ø 4.5 r	n 291698-03	291698-25 291698-26 291698-27
Flange socket for mounting on subsequent electronics	Flange socket (female)	315892-08	315892-10
Mounted couplings	With flange (female) Ø 6 mr		291698-35
	With flange (male) Ø 6 mr		291698-41 291698-29
	With central fastening Ø 6 mm (male)	n 291698-33	291698-37

A_P: Cross section of power supply lines

HEIDENHAIN

DR. JOHANNES HEIDENHAIN GmbH Dr.-Johannes-Heidenhain-Straße 5

+49 8669 32-5061 E-mail: info@heidenhain.de

www.heidenhain.de

This Product Information supersedes all previous editions, which thereby become invalid. The basis for ordering from HEIDENHAIN is always the Product Information valid when the contract is made.

Further Information

- Catalog: Rotary Encoders
- Catalog: Interfaces of HEIDENHAIN Encoders